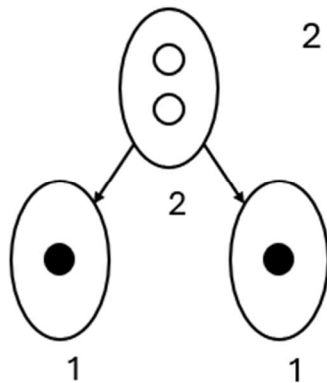


# Doubles Numbers

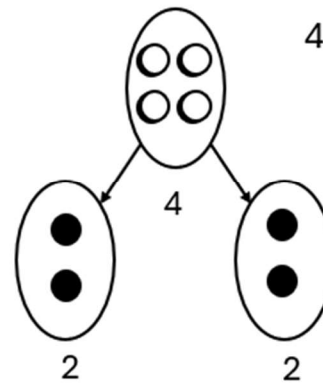
A doubles number is the result of adding a number to itself.



$2 = 1 + 1$

$1 + 1 = 2$

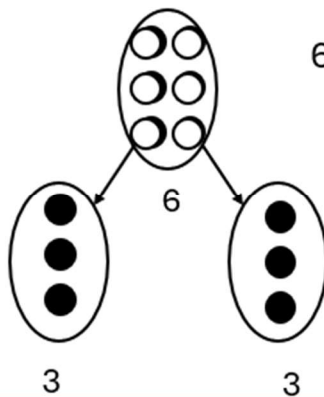
$2 - 1 = 1$



$4 = 2 + 2$

$2 + 2 = 4$

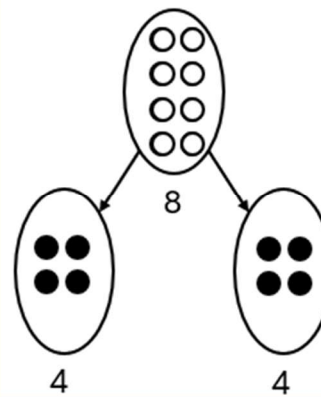
$4 - 2 = 2$



$6 = 3 + 3$

$3 + 3 = 6$

$6 - 3 = 3$



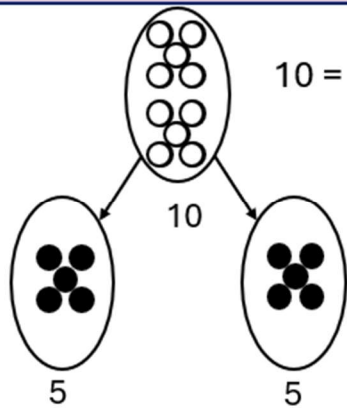
$8 = 4 + 4$

$4 + 4 = 8$

$8 - 4 = 4$

# Doubles Numbers

A doubles number is the result of adding a number to itself.



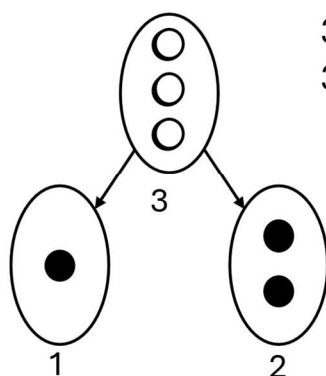
$10 = 5 + 5$

$5 + 5 = 10$

$10 - 5 = 5$

# Near Doubles Numbers

A near doubles number sits between two doubles numbers. It is one more than the doubles number below it and one less than the doubles number above it.

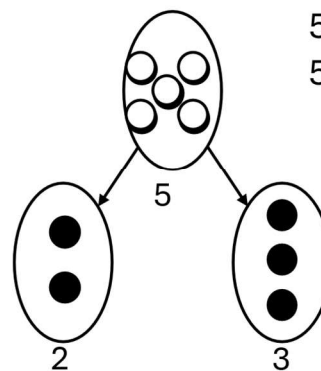


$$3 = 1 + 2 \quad 1 + 2 = 3 \quad 3$$

$$3 = 2 + 1 \quad 2 + 1 = 3 \quad 3$$

$$-1 = 2$$

$$-2 = 1$$

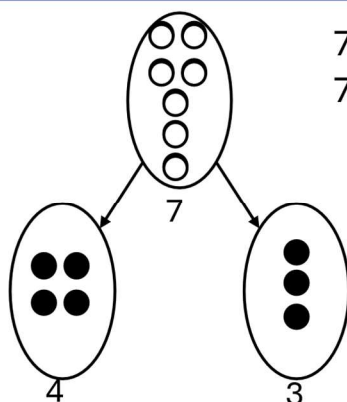


$$5 = 2 + 3 \quad 2 + 3 = 5 \quad 5$$

$$5 = 3 + 2 \quad 3 + 2 = 5 \quad 5$$

$$-2 = 3$$

$$-3 = 2$$

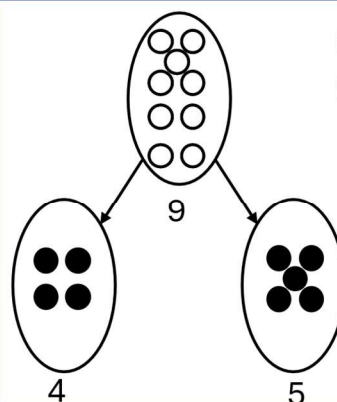


$$7 = 4 + 3 \quad 4 + 3 = 7 \quad 7$$

$$7 = 3 + 4 \quad 3 + 4 = 7 \quad 7$$

$$-4 = 3$$

$$-3 = 4$$



$$9 = 4 + 5 \quad 5 + 4 = 9 \quad 9$$

$$9 = 5 + 4 \quad 4 + 5 = 9 \quad 9$$

$$-4 = 5$$

$$-5 = 4$$